

	Nursery	Reception	
Phonic & Whole word spelling		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Hear and say initial sounds in words. •Segments sounds in simple words and blend them together •Link sounds to letters •Naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet •Begins to break the flow of speech into words •Spells some irregular common words •Uses phonic knowledge to write words in ways that match their spoke sounds •Spell some words correctly and others are phonetically plausible. 	
Other word building spelling		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Continues a rhyming string 	
Transcription		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Writing his or her own name 	
Handwriting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning •Gives meaning to marks he or she makes in drawing, painting and writing 	
Contexts for Writing		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Writes captions and labels Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts 	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Phonic & Whole word spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • words containing each of the 40+ phonemes taught • common exception words • the days of the week • name the letters of the alphabet in order • using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound •segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which 1 or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones • learning to spell common exception words • distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • spell further homophones • spell words that are often misspelt (Appendix 1)
Other word building spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs • using the prefix un– • using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words • apply simple spelling rules and guidance from Appendix 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) • learning to spell more words with contracted forms • add suffixes to spell longer words, including –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly • apply spelling rules and guidelines from Appendix 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them • place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals and in words with irregular plurals • use the first 2 or 3 letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary
Transcription	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far.

Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly • begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place • form capital letters • form digits 0-9 • understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' and to practise these 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another • start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined • write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters • use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined • increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting
Contexts for Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) • writing about real events • writing poetry • writing for different purposes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar 	
Planning Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • saying out loud what they are going to write about • composing a sentence orally before writing it 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • discussing and recording ideas • composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures
Drafting Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sequencing sentences to form short narratives • re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary • encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • organising paragraphs around a theme • in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot • in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices (headings & subheadings)
Editing Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils • rereading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form • proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements • proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences • proofread for spelling and punctuation errors
Performing Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read their writing aloud clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read their own writing aloud, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.
Vocabulary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • leaving spaces between words • joining words and joining clauses using "and" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • expanded noun phrases to describe and specify 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although • choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition • using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause (and place)

Grammar (edited to reflect content in Appendix 2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> regular plural noun suffixes (-s, -es) verb suffixes where root word is unchanged (-ing, -ed, -er) un- prefix to change meaning of adjectives/adverbs to combine words to make sentences, including using and Sequencing sentences to form short narratives separation of words with spaces sentence demarcation (. ! ?) capital letters for names and pronoun 'I') 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but) some features of written Standard English suffixes to form new words (-ful, -er, -ness) sentence demarcation commas in lists apostrophes for omission & singular possession 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense form nouns using prefixes (super-, anti-) use the correct form of 'a' or 'an' word families based on common words (solve, solution, dissolve, insoluble)
Punctuation (edited to reflect content in Appendix 2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I' 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> using and punctuating direct speech (i.e. Inverted commas)
Grammatical Terminology	letter, capital letter, word, singular, plural, sentence punctuation, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark	noun, noun phrase, statement, question, exclamation, command, compound, adjective, verb, suffix, adverb tense (past, present), apostrophe, comma	adverb, preposition conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter, inverted commas (or 'speech marks')
	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Phonic & Whole word spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> spell further homophones spell words that are often misspelt (Appendix 1) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> spell some words with 'silent' letters continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in Appendix 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> spell some words with 'silent' letters continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in Appendix 1
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Other word building spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals and in words with irregular plurals use the first 2 or 3 letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words use the first 3 or 4 letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words use the first 3 or 4 letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary
Transcription	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far. 		

Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined • increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters • choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters • choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task
Contexts for Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own • in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own • in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed
Planning Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • discussing and recording ideas • composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary
Drafting Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • organising paragraphs around a theme • in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot • in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning • in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action • précising longer passages • using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs • using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning • in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action • précising longer passages • using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs • using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader
Editing Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements • proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences • proofread for spelling and punctuation errors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing • proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning • ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing • ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register • proofread for spelling and punctuation errors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing • proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning • ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing • ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register • proofread for spelling and punctuation errors
Performing Writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read their own writing aloud, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear.

Vocabulary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although • choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use a thesaurus • using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely • using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use a thesaurus • using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely • using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility
Grammar (edited to reflect content in Appendix 2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using fronted adverbials • difference between plural and possessive –s • Standard English verb inflections (I did vs I done) • extended noun phrases, including with prepositions • appropriate choice of pronoun or noun to create cohesion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause • using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun • converting nouns or adjectives into verbs • verb prefixes • devices to build cohesion, including adverbials of time, place and number 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms • using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence • using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause • differences in informal and formal language • synonyms & Antonyms • further cohesive devices such as grammatical connections and adverbials • use of ellipsis
Punctuation (edited to reflect content in Appendix 2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using commas after fronted adverbials • indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with singular and plural nouns • using and punctuating direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing • using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using hyphens to avoid ambiguity • using semicolons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses • using a colon to introduce a list punctuating bullet points consistently
Grammatical Terminology	determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial	modal verb, relative pronoun, relative clause, parenthesis, bracket, dash, cohesion, ambiguity	subject, object, active, passive, synonym, antonym, ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points

Whole School Writing overview 2019-2020

Term	Genre	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
1	Fiction	Meeting tale <i>Meerkat Mail</i>	A journey story <i>Pattan's Pumpkin</i>	Tragedy How to live forever	Stories from other cultures <i>Cloud Tea Monkeys</i>	Quest Quest by Aaron Becker	Portal story <i>The Viewer</i>
	Non-Fiction	Recount <i>Meerkat Mail</i>	Instructions <i>Pattan's Pumpkin</i>	Recount - newspaper <i>How to live forever</i>	<i>Persuasive writing Tea Plantation workers</i>	Explanation text How does a bike work?	Newspaper report <i>The Viewer</i>
2	Fiction	Poetry <i>Seasons Come, Seasons Go</i>	A finding story <i>Bob and the moontree mystery</i>	Quest <i>Tomb raiders</i>	Journey tale <i>The Firework Maker's daughter</i> <i>Descriptive poetry</i>	Rebirth Hugo Cabret	Rags to riches <i>Holes</i>
	Non-Fiction	Report <i>Seasons Come, Seasons Go</i>	Report (newspaper) <i>Bob and the moontree mystery</i>	Report – info leaflet <i>Tomb raiders</i>	Non-chronological reports Endangered animals	Recount (Biography) Georges Melies	Persuasion <i>Holes</i>
3	Fiction	Overcoming the Monster <i>The Little Pigs</i>	A meeting story <i>Leaf</i>	Overcome the monster <i>Wolves in the Walls</i>	Portal Story Lion, the witch and the wardrobe	Rewrite from a different point of view The man who walked between the towers	Voyage and return <i>The Tempest</i>
	Non-Fiction	Persuasion <i>Three Little Pigs</i>	Report (brochure) <i>Leaf</i>	Report – Letter <i>Wolves on the Walls</i>	Recounts <i>Trip to Steam TL, TW & TW Newspaper</i>	Discussion Should Phillipe Petit have walked between the towers?	Recount <i>The Tempest</i>
4	Fiction	Warning Tale <i>The Trouble with Dragons</i>	A warning story <i>The Great Kapok Tree</i>	Fairy tale – fractured	Cautionary Tale <i>The Spider and the Fly</i> <i>Rhyming poetry (Junk)</i>	Voyage and return The Explorer	Overcoming the monster <i>Floodland</i>
	Non-Fiction	Instructions <i>The Trouble with Dragons</i>	Persuasive letter <i>The Great Kapok Tree</i>	Persuasion – Letter Poetry – <i>City Jungle</i>	Instructions- The shirt machine?	Persuasive text The Explorer	Discussion <i>Floodland</i>
5	Fiction	Losing Tale <i>Man on the Moon</i>	Ficiton: A wishing story <i>The Tin Forest</i>	Rags to Riches <i>Ug</i>	<i>Imaginary Worlds- Leon and the space between</i>	Fiction:	Quest story <i>Chines Cinderalla</i>
	Non-fiction	Recount <i>Man on the Moon</i>		Persuasion – brochure <i>Ug</i>	Explanation Texts		Quest story <i>Chines Cinderalla</i>
6	Fiction	Journey Tale <i>The Night Pirates</i>	A finding story <i>The Magic Bojabi Tree</i>	Voyage and Return <i>Stig of the Dump</i>	Overcoming the Monster <i>Escape from Pompeii</i>	Overcoming the monster: A Viking saga.	Moving on Historical recount <i>Rose Blanche</i>
	Non-Fiction	Report <i>The Night Pirates</i>	Recount – diary entry	Recount – Newspaper <i>Stig of the Dump Stig of the Dump</i>	Recounts- newspaper report on Pompeii	Report: The Vikings	Moving on Historical recount <i>Erika's story</i>